



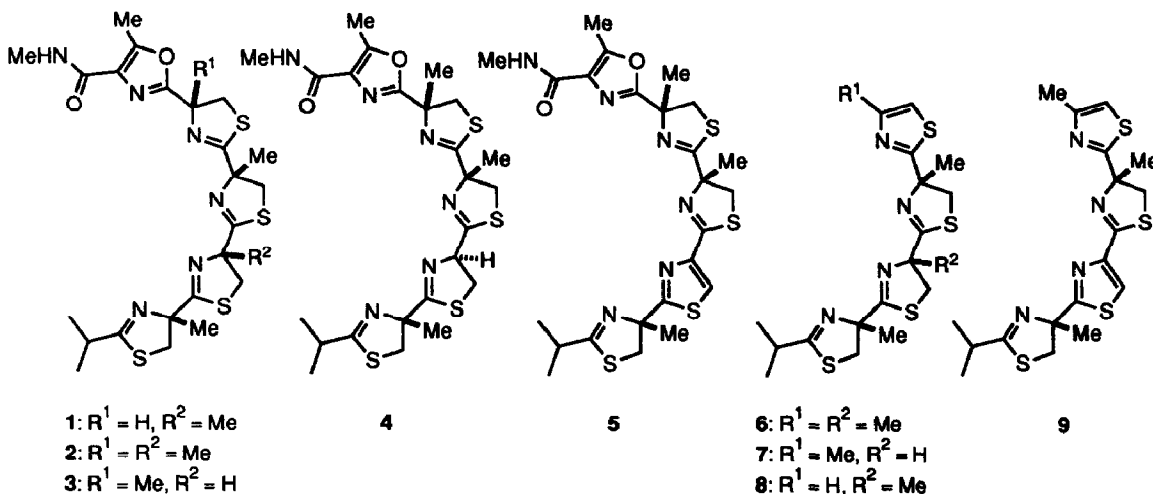
Revision of the Stereostructure of Mirabazole C

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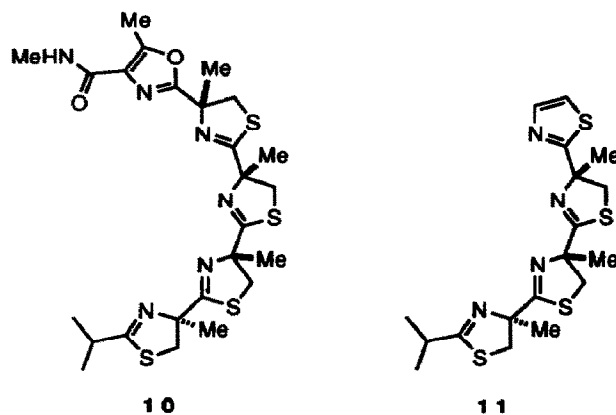
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Abstract: The stereostructure of mirabazole C is revised to **11** on the basis of total synthesis.

The tantazoles and mirabazoles are a series of polythiazoline natural products isolated by Moore and coworkers from blue-green algae.^{1,2} Their structures were originally assigned as **1-5** (tantazoles) and **6-9** (mirabazoles).

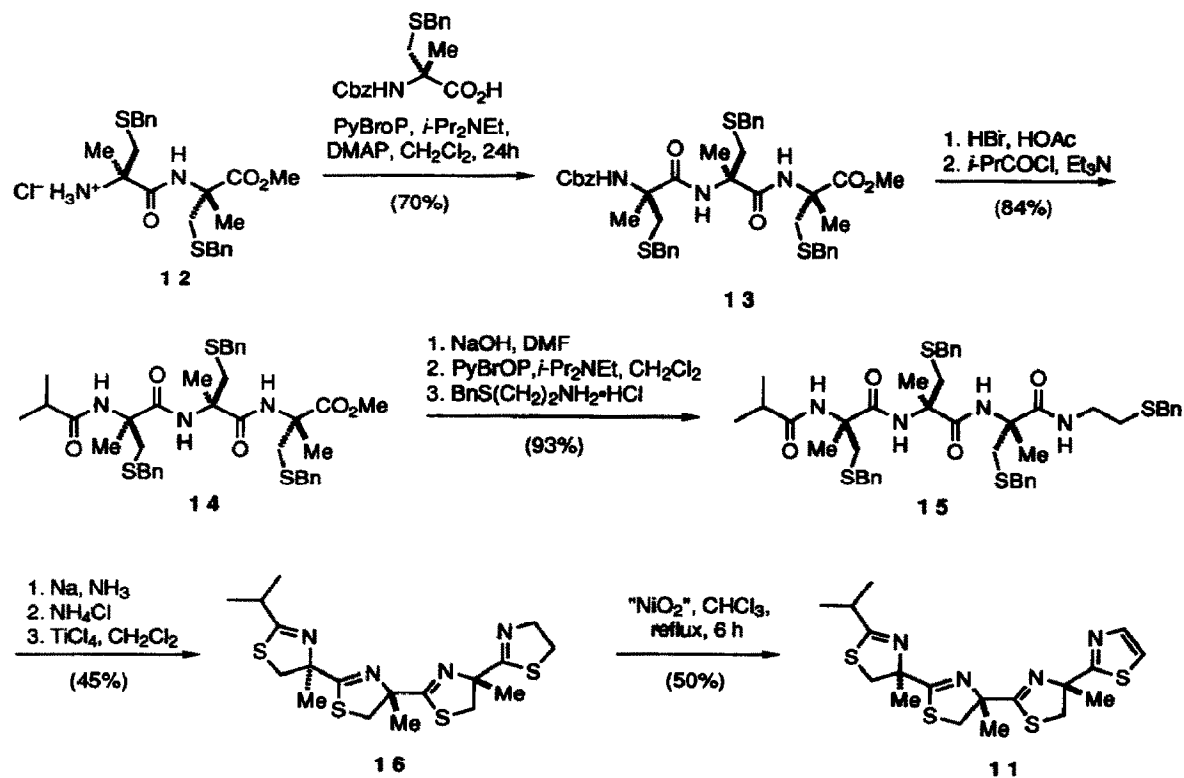


Recent synthetic work by Fukuyama and Xu has shown that the structure of tantazole B must be revised to **10**, in which the ring-A stereocenter has the *R*, rather than the *S*-configuration.³ Subsequently, Moore and his coworkers carried out Marfey analysis of the acid hydrolyzates of tantazoles A and B and confirmed that both have the *R* configuration at the stereocenter in ring A, confirming the Fukuyama-Xu structural revision.⁴ Furthermore, it was found that the acid hydrolyzates of the mirabazoles also show one equivalent of (*S*)-2-methylcysteine, showing that these structures also need revision. We have reported the total synthesis of **8**, which we concluded to be identical with natural mirabazole C.⁵ This conclusion was reached because: (1) the synthetic material displayed the same $[\alpha]_D$ as was reported for the natural product (however, see later comments on this measurement); (2) the ¹H NMR spectrum of the synthetic material was very similar to that reported for the natural product. We did not carry out a direct comparison of our synthetic material with the natural product, which was only isolated in minute amounts (300 μg) and was not available to us.

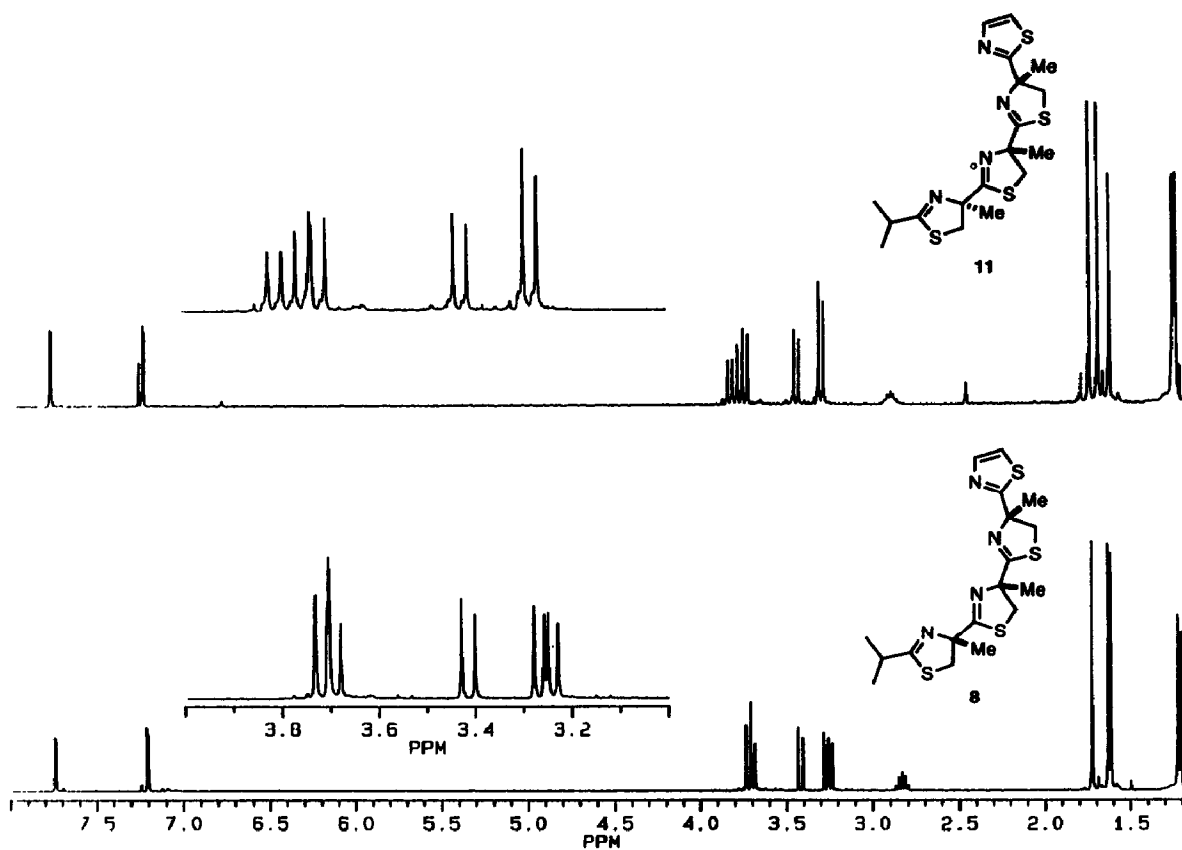


In this Letter we report a synthesis of 11, the isomer having the *R*-configuration in ring-A. The synthesis of 11 was carried out essentially as previously described for isomer 8,⁵ as shown in the following Scheme.

Scheme



Both synthetic materials, **8** and **11**, have been compared with natural mirabazole **C** in Professor Moore's laboratory. Compound **11** was found to be identical with the natural product by ^1H NMR spectroscopy and HPLC mobility.⁶ The ^1H NMR spectra of synthetic compounds **8** and **11** are reproduced below:



The observed specific rotations for compounds **8** and **11** were $[\alpha]_D -500$ ($c = 0.033$, CHCl_3) and $[\alpha]_D -104$ ($c = 0.049$, CHCl_3), respectively. The reported specific rotation for natural mirabazole **C** is $[\alpha]_D -110$ ($c = 0.03$, CHCl_3).² Compound **8** was previously reported to have $[\alpha]_D -113$ ($c = 0.024$, CHCl_3).⁵ However, this value was clearly in error, as the actual sample prepared by the previous coworker has recently been remeasured and found to have $[\alpha]_D -500$ ($c = 0.036$, CHCl_3). The error probably resulted from the uncritical use of an antique polarimeter of doubtful stability.

Acknowledgement

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References and Notes

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6. We thank Dr. Seunguk Paik for making these comparisons.

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